Ambon OHK
Sumbawa OF18
New Guinea OJ1

Java OE1
Sumatra OD1
Batak OD5
Borneo OC1

J 261 [20 cont.]
eat earth without any pretext (1).

1. Natuurk. Tijdschrift v. Nederl. Ind., Vol. XXXI, p. 380, Vol. XXXII, p. 427.

Bt St 261 St [843] Apart from Java, geophagy also occurs among the Malays on Sumatra.

Only pregnant women, however, eat earth there. Among the Batak, too, we saw this custom among the women, who call the earth itself bangi (2). (Personal observation by the late

2. Van der Tuuk, Bataksch Woordenboek, see bange.

Professor Wilken.) Geophagy occurs on Borneo among the Br 261 Dajak. One of the tribes along the Kutei River is addicted to it. It is especially popular among the laborers in the Orange-Nassau coal mines (southeastern division) (3). On the Ambon

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3. Veth, Borneo's Westerafdeeling, Vol. II, p. 273-274. Meded. Ned. Zend. Gen., XXV, p. 295, note 1.

Islands, especially on the Uliassers, there is a kind of clay NG Sb 261 called batu poan or poang, also called ampo, which is eaten by the natives, especially by the women (4). The use on

4. Bijdragen tot de T.L. en Vk. v. Ned.-Indië, 3rd series, Vol. VIII, pp. 206-287, and Vol. XI.

Sumbawa is no less common (5). Finally, the eating of earth

5. Zollinger, "Verslag omtrent het eiland Soembawa [Report on the island

N

000 married there was a week long feast.

594 The conch shell is used now only to call for
721 the tjakalele, but I saw the kapitan use it in
578 preparations for war. The traditional enemy was Latuhalat (the Amahusu lad says Latuhalat was also the enemy of Eri; Latuhalat is a trade negri, but I can't see why this made it the enemy of so many negri; maybe every negri had more than one enemy; indeed, wars were frequent.

614 The Warela fam has a fish totem. This fish
262 is not eaten by members of that fam. This fish
825 is known as esilesil.

361 Distances to other places by land from Naku
481 are: Kilang three and one quarter kilometers,
103 Soya four km., Hatalai two and one half km., Ambon nine km. (they make it in two hours with a load, and the women are especially fast), Latuhalat fifteen km. (over a very hard forest path), Amahusu twelve km., Seri ten km., Hukurila three and one half km., Leihari ten km., Hutamuri thirteen km., Lata twenty km., Eri thirteen km., Rutung eleven km., and Ema two km.

565 There are no descendants of burgers here.

824 I am informed that they used to have a noise
245 taboo in the clove gardens when they were blossom-
178 ing, but this is now no longer observed. They
784 certainly have it elsewhere, for example, they said the harvest of cloves has just ended in Latuhalat and now they can make noise.

136 There is no big game here, that is, pig, deer,
224 etc. This is found only in Hitu. They do hunt kalong and cuscus. I saw one of the latter, a marsupial, in a cage. It is young and is being raised to be killed and eaten later. It has a skunk-like smell. They grow to be three feet
261 long. There is no geophagy here. No pottery is
323 made here.

245 There is not enough sago available in this
438 area, and they must buy sago from the outside.